

Model 30900 Tong Diesel Hydraulic Power Unit (DHPU) Installation, Operation, Service and Parts Book Manual



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- 2. All shipments MUST contain packing slips.
- 3. CONTRACT: This order will become a binding contract upon receipt by WPI WELLKIN of Buyer's PO, receipt by Buyer of a written acknowledgement by WPI WELLKIN and receipt by WPI WELLKIN of a down payment in the amount specified in the contract.
- 4. This contract may be modified as mutually agreed by the Buyer and WPI WELLKIN.
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MANUFACTURED ITEMS: WPI WELLKIN manufactured items must be free of material and workmanship defects for a period of 12 months from the date of delivery. If any items fail because of a manufacturing defect within that period of time, then that item will be replaced by WPI WELLKIN. Expendable / wear items are not covered under warranty. Examples of such items include, but are not limited to, the following - dies, inserts, brake bands, rollers, gears, chains, filters, belts, flexible couplings, slip bodies, spider bowls.

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 2

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- 9. COMMISSIONING: On request, WPI WELLKIN can supply a representative for material commissioning. The Buyer is responsible for portal to portal transportation costs and the current WPI WELLKIN day rate.
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- 11. PATENTS: WPI WELLKIN holds the Buyer harmless from all claims, for infringement or alleged infringement of any patents arising out of the sale or use of the goods furnished pursuant to this contract.
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- 13. INSURANCE: WPI WELLKIN agrees to carry General Operations and Liability Insurance and other coverage as required in accordance with applicable state and federal laws of the U.S.A.
- 14. COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS: WPI WELLKIN warrants that in its performance of this contract it will comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws, regulations, rulings and orders of the U.S.A.
- 15. ASSIGNMENT: This contract may not be assigned without the written consent of the Buyer and any attempted assignment thereof shall be void.
- 16. PROPRIETARY INFORMATION: All plans, drawings, specification and the subject matter contained therein and all other information given to WPI WELLKIN in connection with performance on this Purchase Order involve valuable property rights of the Buyer and shall be held confidential by WPI WELLKIN, shall remain the property of the Buyer and shall not be used by WPI WELLKIN for any purpose other than those for which they have been prepared or supplied. WPI WELLKIN agrees that, as far as possible, it will keep confidential the making of this order and the terms hereof. WPI WELLKIN agrees not to use for publicity purposes any information as to notice of receipt of order, photographs, drawings and/or materials in connection with performance of the Order without obtaining the prior written consent of the Buyer.

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 3

Table of Contents

Terms and Conditions	2
Warnings	5
General Information	7
Transportation and Installation	
Operation	12
OperationAppendices	22
<u>List of Figures</u>	
Figure 1: Transportation	8
Figure 2: Engine Components	10
Figure 3: Fuel Tank and Couplings	11
Figure 4: Hydraulic Tank	12
Figure 5: Control Panel	13
Figure 6: Return Pressure Gauge and Engine Safety Features	14
Figure 7: Hydraulic Components	16
<u>List of Tables</u>	
Table 1: Troubleshooting the Engine	17
Table 2: Troubleshooting the Hydraulic Circuit	
Table 3: One Year Spares	22

Warnings

The Diesel Hydraulic Power Unit (DHPU) design integrates several safety features. However, the power unit is only as safe as the operator using it. Therefore, it is imperative that the operator and all other workers around the power unit observe the warnings below as well as read and understand this manual. Failure to follow the instructions could result in **death**, **serious injury or equipment damage**. The manufacturer is not responsible for any damages resulting from misuse of the equipment. The risks and consequences of misuse are the responsibility of the user.



- Observe, understand and follow all safety warnings.
- This power unit is built strictly for generating hydraulic power for tongs. Any use of the power unit contrary to the design is absolutely prohibited.
- Never operate the power unit above the rated design pressure or engine speed.
- Always check the pressure setting of the power unit before operating to prevent equipment damage.
- Never add, remove or convert equipment on the power unit without prior consent.
- Never defeat or remove any of the power unit's integral safety features.
- If a leak is observed, then halt the operation of the power unit and repair the leak immediately.
- Use the recommended size of interconnect hose with the proper pressure rating.
- Keep all body parts and clothing away from moving machinery.
- Only trained personnel should operate, adjust or repair this equipment. No weld repair on any components is allowed. Any attempts to repair these items by welding will void all warranties and liability.
- Use industrial safety regulations for proper ventilation of potentially poisonous exhaust fumes when operating the power unit in a confined or enclosed space.
- Prior to servicing the unit (maintenance, repairs, valve adjustment, etc.), shut down and disconnect or kill power to the unit. Then, disconnect the hydraulic connections

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 5

from the power unit before performing any service. Allow the engine to cool down before working around it to make repairs.

- All personnel working around the power unit shall wear protective clothing including but not limited to the following.
 - Hard hat
 - Eye protection
 - Safety boots with steel toe
 - Safety gloves
 - Ear protection
 - Coverall
- Never use excessive force when coupling the wingstyle quick disconnects to the system.
- Never disconnect any hose on the power unit when it is in operation. All hoses must be pressure free before they are disconnected.
- Use only the identified areas on the power unit for lifting the unit. Ensure that any lifting equipment is rated for the power unit weight, and all equipment used in lifts should be current with its inspection paper work.

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 6

General Information

Description

The model 30900 DHPU is an open frame type power unit designed to provide hydraulic power to an open center tubing tong circuit. The unit is self-contained with the exception of requiring an external air source for the starter.

The DHPU is powered by a 4 cycle, water cooled, turbo charged, 4 cylinder Deutz diesel engine. Attached to the engine is a gear pump that provides fluid power to the circuit. Also included within the unit are the following items.

- Instrument panel with engine speed, oil temperature and oil pressure
- Air start
- Safety package with automatic overspeed shutdown, emergency manual air intake shutdown and spark arrestor
- Shutdowns for low oil pressure, high oil temperature
- 30 gallon diesel reservoir with level gauge, drain port and filler breather
- Hydraulic throttle
- System relief valve set at 2500 PSI (3000 PSI maximum setting)
- 100 gallon hydraulic reservoir with baffle, level gauge, oil temperature gauge, cleanout cover, suction strainer with isolation ball valve, return filter, return pressure gauge, drain port with ball valve and filler breather
- Panel with 0 to 5000 PSI pressure gauge and standby/work mode control valve
- Base skid with drip pan, drain ports and fork lift pockets
- 4 point lift cage with hose basket

Specifications

Fluid Power 2500 PSI @ 40 GPM (172 bar @ 150 LPM)

Weight

Dry (Without fuel and hydraulic fluid) 3800 lbs (1724 Kg) Wet (With fuel and hydraulic fluid) 4850 lbs (2200 Kg)

Connections (5100 Series wingstyle disconnect)

Pressure 1" Male Return 1-1/4" Male

Dimensions

Length98" (2489.2 mm)Width56-1/2" (1435.10 mm)Height68" (1727.2 mm)

Transportation and Installation

Before any attempt is made to operate the power unit, the following section should be read, understood and then followed.

Transportation

The power unit has several options for transportation as demonstrated in the picture below. No special regulations apply to the transportation of the power unit.



Figure 1: Transportation

Forklift Pockets

Incorporated into the base skid are two forklift pockets. Ensure the forklift used to lift the unit has long enough forks to span the entire width of the pocket and is rated to lift the unit.

Lift Eyes

The power unit is designed, inspected and tested according to SEPCo OPS0055 and API RP2A. See section 5 of the data book for applicable lift certifications. The HPU is to be lifted by the four lift eyes on top of the hose basket. When lifted, a sling with four legs is required, and the sling must, at a minimum, be rated for the gross weight of the power unit. The lifting

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Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 8

equipment should also be inspected to ensure it is in adequate condition. Normal rules and safety precautions apply when lifting the unit.

Lift ID Tag

The unit has a lift identification tag installed on the skid. Use the ID tag information (weight, model, serial number, etc.) for transportation documentation.

Sacrificial Pads

Attached to the HPU are four, carbon steel pads. They can be used on location to lock down the position of the unit by welding the pads to the deck.

Serial Number Tag

Each unit has a WPI WELLKIN serial number tag installed on the skid. Use this serial number when requesting parts or support.

Hose Basket

The hose basket provides a storage area for the hydraulic hoses as well as large spare components.

Small Parts Storage

A box is provided for small parts storage.

Installation

Once the power unit is on location, then the installation process gets the unit ready for operation.

Location of the Unit

Remember the following points when positioning the power unit for installation.

- The physical space required for the unit is detailed in the general specifications page. Consideration should also be given for access around the power unit for startup procedures and maintenance activities.
- The power unit should be located on an area that is relatively flat. Installing the unit on an incline could adversely affect the fluid levels of the motor oil and hydraulic fluid.
- Also, take into account the location of the power unit to keep it as close as possible to
 the equipment in order to reduce pressure losses in the line. Pressure losses from
 long hose lengths can reduce the system performance and generate significant heat.
- Ensure the exhaust and intake air paths are unobstructed. The engine exhaust should be directed towards a well ventilated area and pointed away from any operator positions.
- If located near an operator, then proper safety equipment such as ear protection should be worn by all personnel near the unit.
- The diesel power unit incorporates several safety devices. However, this engine driven power unit is neither designed nor certified as a hazardous area or explosion proof system.
- The unit will require fuel, oil, coolant and hydraulic fluid to be added or removed during operation or maintenance. Take precautions when adding new fluids to avoid spills and dispose of used fluids according to the applicable local environmental laws.

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 9

Engine System Inspection

Examine the following areas on the diesel engine after the unit is in its final position. Do not inspect the engine while it is running. Review the included engine manuals for detailed instruction.

- With the power unit on level terrain, check the motor oil level using the dipstick. The level should be between the minimum and maximum marks. Add motor oil to the inlet if the level is below the minimum mark. Refer to the engine manual for the type of motor oil required. As a general rule, use SAE 10W-30 motor oil for average ambient operating temperatures below 45°F (7°C), SAE 15W-30 for 45° to 85°F (7° to 30°C) operation and SAE 15W-40 for operation above 85°F (30°C). If the oil level is above the maximum mark, then drain the motor oil level out of the outlet.
- Check the coolant level. Refer to the engine manual for the type of coolant required.
- It may be necessary to purge the fuel system from air that may have been introduced during transportation, during repair/maintenance work or if the system ran until the fuel tank was empty. If air bubbles are in the fuel system, the power unit will have difficulty running or may not run at all. See the figure below for the location of the priming pump. Reference the engine manual for procedures to bleed the fuel system.
- Refer to the engine manual for service and maintenance schedules for the motor fuel filter and oil filter. These filters ensure the purity of the fuel and oil reaching the engine systems. If necessary, then replace the filters per the instructions in the manual prior to operation.
- Refer to the air cleaner manual for recommended service and maintenance schedules. There is a filter service indicator located on the cleaner. If the indicator is red, then it is time to replace the filter.
- Check the fuel level in the diesel tank. Add fluid through the fluid fill port. Commercial grade diesel fuel should be used. Refer to the engine manual for details on summer or winter grades of diesel fuel. When filling the tank, do not spill any fuel and avoid letting contaminants enter the tank.

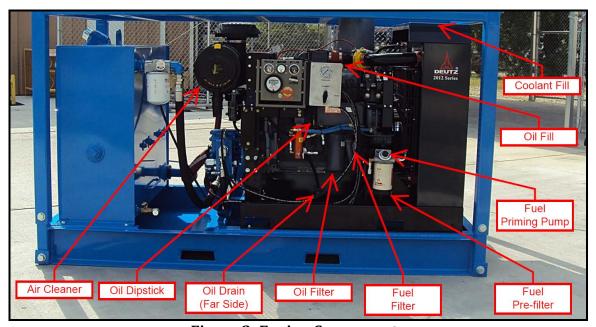


Figure 2: Engine Components

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 10

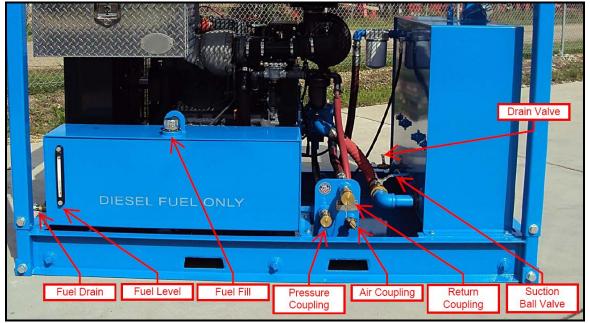


Figure 3: Fuel Tank and Couplings

• There is a "crows foot" air connection on the quick disconnect bulkhead. Couple the interconnect air hose to this point prior to starting the engine. The air hose should be about 1" in diameter to prevent restriction. A 60 gallon (227 L) air tank charged to 100 PSI is sufficient to start the engine. There is a filter plumbed before the air starter, and the filter has a drain port on the bottom to blow off any trapped moisture. It is recommended to bleed off the air pressure then disconnect the air starter line when not in use. More details on the air starter are located in the engine information section of this manual.

Hydraulic System Inspection

The following steps review the hydraulic system to ensure it is ready for operation.

- Check the fluid level of the hydraulic tank. For operation, the fluid level should be seen in the level gauge as detailed in the following photo. If the level is low, then add hydraulic fluid through the filler/breather until the level reaches the top of the level gauge. When the filler/breather cap is removed, take care to avoid the passage of contaminants into the hydraulic reservoir. A premium hydraulic fluid is recommended for use such as Shell Tellus® 32 for average ambient operating temperatures below 45°F (7°C), Shell Tellus® 46 for 45° to 85°F (7° to 30°C) operation and Shell Tellus® 68 for operation above 85°F (30°C).
- The level gauge has a built in thermometer that displays the temperature of the oil in the reservoir. The power unit should not be operated when the oil temperature is above 160°F (71°C).
- Ensure the suction line ball valve is in the open position. Starting the unit with the ball valve closed will cause serious damage to the hydraulic pump. The ball valve is mounted on the suction port of the tank.
- Verify the interconnect hoses or piping is adequate for the maximum flow generated from the power unit. Undersized lines will lead to a buildup of heat and a decrease in system performance. A hose set can be purchased separately with connectors matching the power unit installed.

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 11

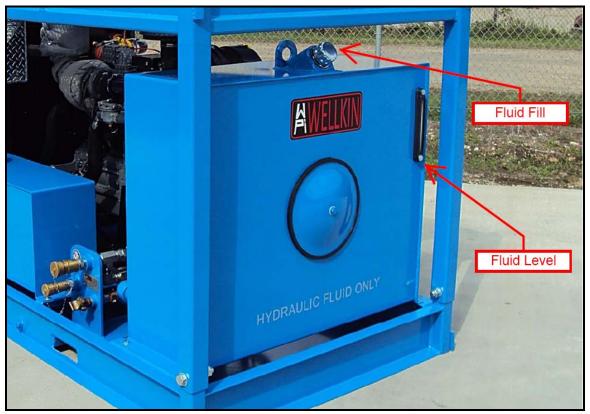


Figure 4: Hydraulic Tank

• For quick installation and to reduce spills on connection, the power unit is equipped with quick disconnects. Never connect or disconnect the lines when the power unit is running. Before connecting the quick disconnects to the unit, ensure that the faces of the connectors are free from debris. Remove any particles with a lint free rag. Dust plugs and caps are included with the connectors to prevent contamination during transportation and storage. Connect the pressure and return lines using the quick disconnects. The connectors are threaded with a wing style construction. Full thread engagement is needed before the check valve in the connector is forced to open.

Operation

The DHPU is a simple unit that provides pressure and flow for an open center hydraulic circuit such as a tong. This unit is not intended to work in conjunction with closed center valves. Closed center valves have the pressure port blocked in the neutral position. Heat builds up in the system quickly as the full flow of the system is dumped over the system relief since the flow cannot return to tank through the valve.

The prime mover for the hydraulic pump is the diesel engine. The engine rotates the pump shaft at the speed selected and the torque output is dictated by the load on the pump. This model has a fixed displacement gear pump coupled to the engine that provides hydraulic power to the open centered circuit.

The following sequences assume the necessary installation steps have been completed, and the unit is ready for start up.

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 12

Modes

The DHPU has the following modes of operation. Ensure the arrow on the selector handle aligns with the black lines on the panel when changing modes as shown in the picture.

Standby Mode

When the ball valve is in the standby position, the flow from the pump is diverted back to tank bypassing the tong circuit. The unit can be placed in standby mode for starting, circulation of oil during warm up or when long breaks are expected in operation. The unit will generate less heat because flow is at near zero pressure instead of the higher loop back pressure.

Work Mode

The power unit should be in the work position when a tubing tong is to be operated. In this mode, the pump provides flow to the circuit. The maximum pressure allowed in the circuit is dictated by the relief valve mounted directly on the pump.

Idle Mode

The power unit is equipped with a hydro-throttle as shown in the figure below. When the system pressure exceeds the set point, the internal piston will extend thereby increasing the motor speed. The cylinder is pushed back by the spring when the pressure drops back down below the set point putting the engine into an idle mode to lower the motor's fuel consumption. The set pressure is typically set around 500 to 800 PSI. This setting should be higher than the back pressure experienced through the interconnect hoses and tong valve in neutral. The setting can be adjusted if the back pressure is higher or lower. Refer to the hydro-throttle cut sheet in the engine section.

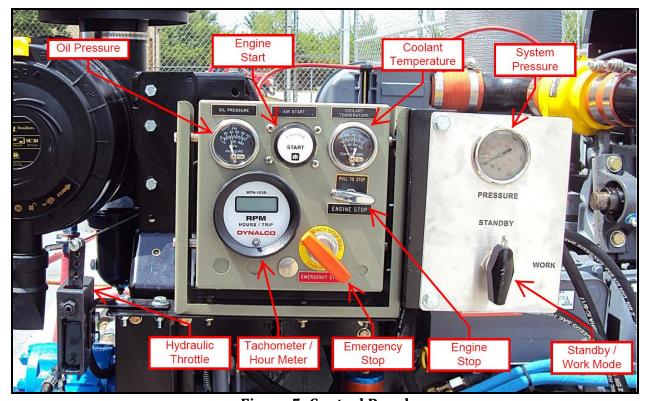


Figure 5: Control Panel

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 13

Start Up

Ensure that the installation section has been followed and that the tong control valve handle is in neutral. Review the included engine operation and panel manuals also prior to operation. To start the power unit, press and hold the start button mounted on the engine panel. Release the button as soon as the engine starts up. Observe the engine speed, oil temperature and oil pressure gauges. The engine speed will be approximately 1000 RPM when in idle and standby modes and 2200 RPM when at full throttle. Consult the engine manual for acceptable ranges for the oil temperature and pressure.

Observe the hydraulic oil pressure gauges. The system pressure gauge (located on the control panel) will show a low value when the hydraulic oil is circulating directly back to tank. Pressure readings will only occur when the tong is operated. Check the pressure gauge on the return filter assembly at start up. As the filter collects debris, the pressure drop across the filter increases. If the indicator on the pressure gauge is in the red area, then the return filter element needs replacement.

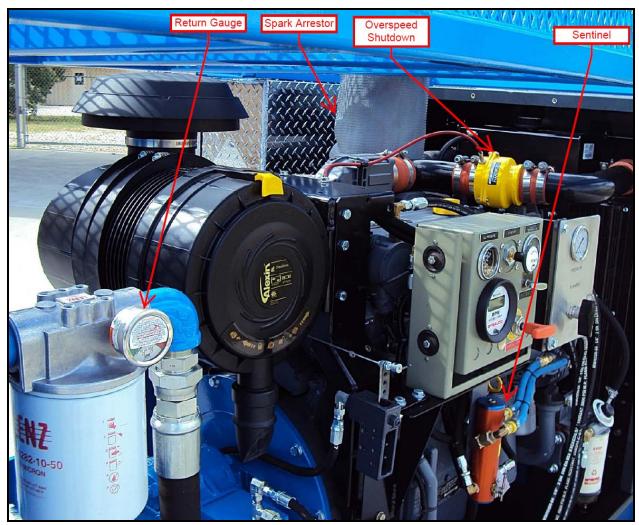


Figure 6: Return Pressure Gauge and Engine Safety Features

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 14

Safety Features

The power unit is equipped with several safety features, which are explored in more detail in the following sections.

Engine Spark Arrestor

The exhaust is routed through a spark arrestor. The spark arrestor, as seen below, uses centrifugal force to separate solids from exhaust gas. The manufacturer recommends inspecting and cleaning out the spark arrestor every 1000 operating hours or three times per season, whichever time period is less. The inspection should include a visual check for holes, cracks or metal corrosion. If any of the above conditions are found, then replace the spark arrestor. Also, ensure the mounting clamp is securely tightened.

The spark arrestor and turbo are wrapped with a thermal blanket to help prevent accidental touching of a hot surface. This area should not be touched even though it contains this safety precaution.



DO NOT TOUCH THE EXHAUST SYSTEM COMPONENTS DURING OPERATION OF THE POWER UNIT AS IT HEATS UP TO DAMAGING TEMPERATURES. THIS HEAT IS RETAINED EVEN AFTER THE POWER UNIT IS TURNED OFF. VERIFY THE UNIT IS COOL BEFORE WORKING AROUND THE EXHAUST SYSTEM.

Overspeed Shutdown

If the unit overspeeds during a runaway condition such as the intake of gas, then the unit will automatically shut down when the speed exceeds the factory setting of 2400 RPM. The engine should not be restarted again until the area is declared safe for operation. The location of the overspeed shutdown is shown in the previous photo. For maintenance and setting instructions, review the overspeed shutdown manual.

Emergency Stop Manual Shutdown

The unit has an emergency stop manual shutdown. Pulling and holding the handle, detailed in the control panel photo, closes off the air intake to shut the engine down. Use this method for emergency situations, not for routine operation. The engine should not be started again until the area is declared safe for operation. The proper way to stop the unit is detailed in the shut down section.

Low Oil Pressure/High Oil Temperature Shutdown (Sentinel)

The power unit is equipped with a fuel cutoff switch if the oil pressure gets too low or if the oil temperature gets too high. Once the fuel is cut off, then the engine will shut down. This switch is a mechanical device and more information on this system is located in the engine section of the data book.

System Relief Valve

The system hydraulic pressure relief valve (RV-1 on the hydraulic schematic) is shown in the following photo. This valve limits the maximum pressure from the power unit hydraulic

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 15

pump. It is factory set to relieve at 2500 PSI. To adjust the valve setting, loosen the jam nut at the bottom of the valve stem. Turn the knob clockwise to increase the pressure setting and counter clockwise to reduce the setting. Lock the jam nut back down after adjusting the valve setting. To develop pressure in the circuit, either the tong needs to grip and stall on a tool joint or the pressure line can be removed at the quick disconnect (while the unit is off).



DO NOT SET THE RELIEF VALVE HIGHER THAN THE POWER UNIT DESIGN PRESSURE OR THE ALLOWABLE PRESSURE TO THE COMPONENTS.

Components

The following sections will explain the major components in the hydraulic system to help the user familiarize themselves with the operation of the power unit. Examine the hydraulic schematic in conjunction with the text below. The assembly drawings will also help identify the physical locations of the components.

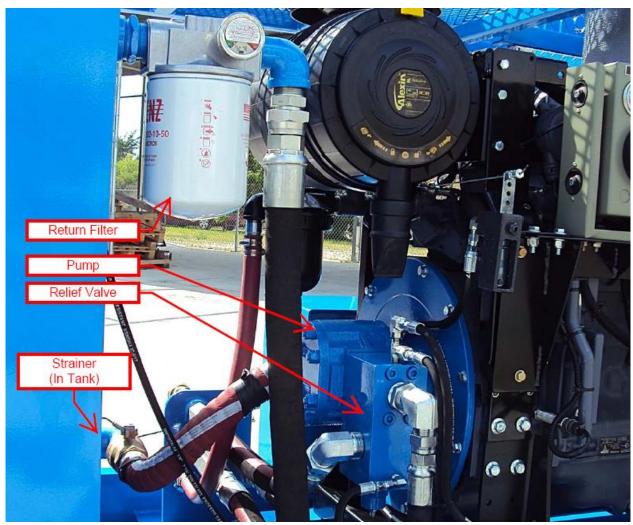


Figure 7: Hydraulic Components

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 16

Hydraulic Pump

In the schematic, the hydraulic pump is referenced by HP-1. The pump is a fixed displacement gear pump, which is connected to the motor (DM-1) using a pump adapter (PA-1) and pump coupling (PC-1).

Relief Valve

A relief valve (RV-1) is directly bolted onto the pump's output. This valve limits the maximum pressure on the circuit as mentioned in the system's safety feature section.

Suction Strainer

The suction strainer (STR-1) inside the reservoir is mounted externally. The strainer filters the hydraulic fluid going to the pump inlet.

Return Filter

Before fluid reenters the reservoir, it passes through the return filter (FL-1).

Shutdown

The proper way to stop the engine is to pull the stop handle located on the panel.

- Verify that all operations that the power unit is driving are complete. Do not shutdown while equipment is working.
- Do not stop the engine when it is running at full load. Instead, allow the engine to cool down by letting it run at idle speed for some time.

Storage

Follow the steps below when removing the power unit from operation.

- Stop the diesel engine.
- Disconnect the pressure and return lines from the power unit and from the tong. Install the dust plugs and caps onto the exposed quick disconnects. Coil the hydraulic lines and place them into the storage basket on the lift frame.
- Cap the air line connection for the starter.
- Move the power unit to its storage location.
- Clean and remove all debris from the power unit. Afterwards, inspect the unit for any damage. Address all problems identified.
- Perform any required routine maintenance on the power unit.

Troubleshooting

The following table addresses possible solutions to problems that may occur during operation. When a problem occurs, take note of the problem as well as the operation being performed when the malfunction happened. Also, note if there has been any recent maintenance or adjustments to the power unit. All these items will be helpful in diagnosing the problem. Use the problem information to search the following tables of symptoms to troubleshoot the hydraulic power unit. Always follow safety guidelines while troubleshooting the unit.

Table 1: Troubleshooting the Engine

Problem	Solution
Engine will not start	1) Verify that the air starter is connected to the air
	source. The interconnect line must be of sufficient

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 17

	diameter (~1") to provide the needed air volume to the
	starter. 2) Ensure the manual shutdown pull handle is not stuck
	in the out position. Reset by pushing in if required.
	3) Verify the diesel tank is not empty. If the unit was
	allowed to run dry, then vent air out of the fuel lines per
	the engine manual.
	4) Make sure the fuel filter is not clogged. Replace the
	filter if blocked by debris, and vent the fuel system. 5) Inspect the fuel pump strainer for blockage. If dirty,
	then wash per the engine manual then replace. Vent the
	air out of the fuel system.
	6) Ensure the correct grade of diesel fuel is utilized.
	7) Add fuel additives, per the engine manual, if the
	operating temp. is below the start limit temperature.
	8) Inspect the fuel lines and fittings for leaks or entry
	points for air to enter the system. Vent the fuel system
	after addressing the problem.
	9) Inspect and replace the fuel injector if it is defective.10) Verify the engine inlet-outlet valve clearance is per
	the engine manual's recommendation. Adjust if required.
	11) Verify the correct motor oil is being used especially in
	low temperature environments. Refer to the engine
	manual for further guidance.
	12) Check the compression of the diesel engine. Service
	engine if required.
	13) Inspect the teeth at the air starter pinion to flywheel interface. Replace worn components if necessary.
Engine stalls or sputters/run	
unevenly	2) Inspect the fuel lines and fittings for leaks or entry
,	points for air to enter the system. Vent the fuel system
	after addressing the problem.
	3) Inspect and replace the fuel injector if it is defective.
	4) Make sure the fuel filter is not clogged. Replace the
	filter if blocked by debris, and vent the fuel system. 5) Inspect the fuel pump strainer for blockage. If dirty,
	then wash per the engine manual then replace. Vent the
	air out of the fuel system.
	6) Verify the engine inlet-outlet valve clearance is per the
	engine manual's recommendation. Adjust if required.
Engine speed does not return	
to idle after operation	worn or damaged
Motor stops unexpectedly	1) Verify the diesel tank is not empty. If the unit was
	allowed to run dry, then vent air out of the fuel lines per the engine manual.
	2) Check for low oil pressure or high oil temperature.
	3) Ensure the manual shutdown pull handle is not stuck
	in the out position. Reset by pushing in if required.

	4) Check the pressure setting on the hydraulic pump. If it is set too high, then the engine can stall out when the tong is stalled during make or break. 5) Verify that the engine speed does not exceed the setting of the overspeed safety feature. Adjust the maximum travel set screw if necessary.
Engine oil pressure is low	 Verify the engine oil level is at the correct height. Fill up if the level is low. Check the motor oil and replace if it is the wrong SAE grade or if the oil is of poor quality. Inspect the engine for excessive inclination. Replace or rebuild the diesel engine if required.
Engine runs too hot	1) Verify the engine oil level is at the correct height. Fill up if the level is low and drain if too high. 2) Inspect the engine air filter for debris. Clean or replace if clogged. 3) Ensure the radiator fan blade is turning. Inspect the tension in and condition of the fan belt. Replace if the belt is worn. Adjust idler to maintain correct tension. Never inspect or operate on the fan system with the diesel engine running! 4) Inspect and replace the fuel injector if it is defective.
Engine creating excessive blue colored smoke	 Replace motor oil if the wrong grade or of poor quality. Inspect the engine for excessive inclination. Replace or rebuild the diesel motor if required. Check the motor oil level to ensure it is not too high.
Engine creating excessive white colored smoke	 Ensure the correct grade of diesel fuel is utilized. Add fuel additives, per the engine manual, if the operating temperature is below the start limit temperature. Verify the engine inlet-outlet valve clearance is per the engine manual's recommendation. Adjust if required. Inspect and replace the fuel injector if it is defective.
Engine creating excessive black colored smoke	 Ensure the oil bath air cleaner is clean and not contaminated with debris. Verify the engine inlet-outlet valve clearance is per the engine manual's recommendation. Adjust if required. Inspect and replace the fuel injector if it is defective.

Table 2: Troubleshooting the Hydraulic Circuit

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Problem	Solution		
Power unit performance is	1) If the flow rate seems low, then make sure the		
poor	hydraulic throttle is extended to the full position.		
	2) Check the motor oil level to ensure it is not too high.		
	3) Inspect the engine air filter for debris. Clean or		
	replace if clogged.		
	4) Make sure the fuel filter is not clogged. Replace the		

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Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 19

	filter if blocked by debris, and vent the fuel system. 5) Inspect the fuel lines and fittings for leaks or entry points for air to enter the system. Vent the fuel system after addressing the problem. 6) Verify the engine inlet-outlet valve clearance is per the engine manual's recommendation. Adjust if required. 7) Inspect and replace the fuel injector if it is defective. 8) Inspect the hydraulic system for an excessive pressure drop, which could be caused by any of the following. a) Verify the quick disconnects are completely tightened and engaged. b) Inspect the return filter pressure gauge. Replace the filter elements if required. c) Ensure the hoses are adequate for the power unit flow (1" for pressure, 1-1/4" for return). 9) Verify the correct viscosity of fluid is utilized for the operating temperature. Change fluids if necessary. 10) Check the hydraulic fluid temperature. If too hot, then allow the unit to cool
	then allow the unit to cool.
Hydraulic pump operation is excessively noisy	 Verify the correct viscosity of hydraulic fluid is being utilized for the operating temperature. Change fluids if necessary. Ensure that air is not entering the suction lines of the pump. Check for leaks in the line. Inspect the fluid level of the hydraulic reservoir. If the level is below the sight glass, then add hydraulic fluid.
	4) Excessive noise, vibration and heat would be generated from the pump if the bearings are worn or damaged. Rebuild or replace the pump.
Reservoir level gauge or pressure gauge is showing contamination	 If the ambient temperature is low, then warm up the power unit to raise the hydraulic fluid temperature and lower the viscosity. Inspect the return filter element. Replace if it is contaminated. Take a sample from the tank drain port. If contaminated, then replace the hydraulic fluid in the tank after cleaning the tank's interior.
Hydraulic fluid temperature is too high	 Verify the correct viscosity of hydraulic fluid is being utilized for the operating temperature. Change fluids if necessary. Inspect the fluid level of the hydraulic reservoir. If the level is below the sight glass, then add hydraulic fluid. Inspect the hydraulic system for an excessive pressure drop, which could be caused by any of the following. Verify the quick disconnects are completely tightened and engaged. Inspect the return filter pressure gauge. Replace the filter elements if required.

	 c) Ensure the hoses are adequate for the power unit flow (1" for pressure, 1-1/4" for return). 4) Ensure the power unit is connected to an open centered valve not a closed center valve.
Tong torque is low	 Verify the setting of the pressure relief valve (RV-1) is not set too low. Adjust to the desired pressure. Increase the valve setting while applying torque to the joint. Inspect the pressure gauge for correct operation. Check the tong torque output against a tension type tong torque gauge if available. If the hydraulic pump is damaged, then rebuild or replace the pump.
Tong rotates slowly	 If the flow rate seems low, then make sure the throttle is rotated to the full position. Inspect the hydraulic system for an excessive pressure drop, which could be caused by any of the following. a) Verify the quick disconnects are completely tightened and engaged. b) Inspect the return filter pressure gauge. Replace the filter elements if required. c) Ensure the hoses are adequate for the power unit flow (1" for pressure, 1-1/4" for return).

Maintenance

It is important to maintain the power unit in a condition that will provide continued safe operation. The following sections highlight items that need to be addressed over the life of the unit.

Before Each Job

- 1. Fill up the diesel fuel tank.
- 2. Inspect the unit visually and look for signs of damage or leaks. Ensure all hydraulic hoses, including the interconnects, are free of damage.
- 3. Check the fluid level of the hydraulic reservoir.
- 4. Keep the engine air filters free of debris.
- 5. Check the engine motor oil level.
- 6. Check the coolant level.
- 7. Set the system relief pressure to the required level for the job. If the tubing tong to be operated has a relief valve, then leave the power unit relief set at its maximum designed setting and use the tong relief to adjust down.

Each 500 Hour Interval

- 1. Inspect the fan belt for damage. Replace if worn.
- 2. Replace the hydraulic return filter elements.
- 3. Change the engine motor oil and replace the oil filter.

Each 1000 Hour Interval

1. Replace the hydraulic oil in the reservoir. When the tank is empty, clean the interior with a lint free cloth to remove any debris deposited in the bottom. Also, clean or replace the suction strainers if contaminated.

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 21

- 2. Clean the fuel strainer on the engine.
- 3. Replace the fuel filter on the engine.
- 4. Check the valve clearance on the engine; adjust if necessary.

Each 1 Month Interval

1. Clean the spark arrestor on the engine.

Each 3 Month Interval

1. Verify the function of the automatic overspeed shutdown. It may be necessary to adjust the maximum speed set screw to allow the engine to increase its speed. All settings must be returned to the correct position after the test.

Hoses

Replace the hoses within appropriate intervals regardless of the condition. Every five years is the usual hose manufacturer time frame.

One Year Spares

Below is a list of recommended spares for one year of operation.

Table 3: One Year Spares

Part Number	Qty.	Parts Description	
81070-RE	4	Return filter element	
81070-RG	1	Return pressure gauge	
81078	1	Suction strainer	
81018	1	System pressure gauge	
81072-C	1	System relief valve cartridge	
81077-SK	1	Pump seal kit	
30931-LG	1	Level gauge for hydraulic tank	
30931-FB	1	Filler/breather cap for hydraulic tank	
80030-FF	2	Engine fuel filter set	
80030-OF	2	Engine oil filter	
80030-AF	2	Engine air filter set	
80030-VB	1	Engine fan v-belt	
80030-TH	1	Engine radiator thermostat	
80002	1	Engine to pump shaft coupling	
30951-LG	1	Level gauge for fuel tank	
30951-FB	1	Filler/breather cap for fuel tank	

Appendices

The following appendices contain further detailed information about the power unit. Cut sheets for the major components are also included.

- Section 2: Assembly Drawings
- Section 3: Hydraulic Schematic and Cut Sheets
- Section 4: Engine Information and Cut Sheets
- Section 5: Test Sheets, Certificate and Material Reports

Model 30900 DHPU Manual	Rev. 1	JRK	14JUN13	Page 22